

Student/ Group - First Name, Surname

Small-Scale Research Project (SSRP) – Exercise

Physical and chemical model study on the formation and growth of secondary organic aerosols (SOA)

Teacher: Michael Boy

Model: MALTE-Box



20-25 April 2020 St. Petersburg, Russia

Russian State Hydrometeorological University (RSHU)

EXERCISE – Small-Scale Research Project (SSRP): General Information

Physical and chemical model study on the formation and growth of secondary organic aerosols (SOA)

Model used: MATLE-Box

Teacher: Michael Boy

Introduction Background (Xavier et al., 2019):

Atmospheric secondary organic aerosols, formed from gas- to particle phase conversion of the oxidation products of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), significantly impact the organic aerosol mass loadings. However, the scale of SOA contribution to the aerosol particle mass is still subject to high uncertainties. The elevated aerosol particle concentrations are shown to have inimical effects on health and a varying degree of influence on the climate by forming cloud condensation nuclei (CCN), altering the cloud properties and radiative balance. Therefore, it is acutely necessary to understand the contributions and role of SOA in the particle loading in the atmosphere. Biogenic VOCs from forest are estimated to contribute to about 90% of VOC emissions globally. The most important BVOCs for SOA formation are isoprene (C_5H_8), monoterpenes ($C_{10}H_{16}$) and sesquiterpenes ($C_{15}H_{24}$). These compounds are all alkenes containing at least one carbon–carbon double bond, enabling them to undergo oxidation by the dominant atmospheric oxidants: the hydroxyl radical (OH), ozone (O_3) and the nitrate radical (NO_3). For some of the terpenes, initial oxidation steps can lead to formation of highly oxygenated organic molecules (HOMs). Some of these HOMs generally have low volatilities and can condense nearly irreversibly, thereby producing SOA.

Main Goal:

In this SSRP you will apply the model MALTE-Box to investigate the formation rate of clusters by varying the main parameters (e.g. sulphuric acid, ammonia, condensation sink, temperature). Further you will investigate the growth of these clusters by low volatile organic compounds by applying the new peroxy radical autoxidation mechanism (PRAM) to model the concentrations of highly oxygenated organic molecules (HOM) from the precursors (e.g. terpenes).

Specific Objectives:

- 1. Get information on the concentrations of the most important precursors (in MALTE-Box they are NH₃, SO₂/H₂SO₄ and background particle concentration) of cluster formation. Assume that these concentrations vary within one or two orders of magnitude (or whatever is realistic) and examine the impact on particle formation.
- 2. Based on your cluster formation rate you will then study the growth of the new formed particles by semi-, low and extreme low volatile organic compounds. Therefor you will use the chemistry from the Master Chemical Mechanism (MCM) and the new developed PRAM with various concentrations for the precursor compounds. The simulations will provide you detailed particle composition in time, size and chemical species, which you will analyze to understand the main drivers in the SOA growth mechanism.
- 3. Visualize your findings in a condensed way by applying your own plotting software and discuss how your outcome in a convincing way relates to initial conditions and other parameters. How localized sources like animal husbandry or change in land-use is impacting your results.

Literature List:

Before the course, you should read, at least, the following three publications; other papers on this topic are recommended to read and will be useful for the discussions/talks (but not obligatory).

REQUIRED READINGS

- Roldin, P., Ehn, M., Kurtén, T., Olenius, T., Rissanen, M. P., Sarnela, N., Elm, J., Rantala, P., Hao, L., Hyttinen, N., Heikkinen, L., Worsnop, D. R., Pichelstorfer, L., Xavier, C., Clusius, P., Öström, E., Petäjä, T., Kulmala, M., Vehkamäki, H., Virtanen, A., Riipinen, I., and Boy, M.: The role of highly oxygenated organic molecules in the Boreal aerosol-cloud-climate system, Nature Communication, 10, 4370, doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-12338-8, 2019
- Xavier, C., Rusanen, A., Zhou, P., Dean, C., Pichelstorfer, L., Roldin, P., and Boy, M.: Aerosol mass yields of selected biogenic volatile organic compounds a theoretical study with nearly explicit gas-phase chemistry, Atmos. Chem. Phys., 19, 13741–13758, https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-19-13741-2019, 2019
- Qi, X., Ding, A., Roldin, P., Xu, Z., Zhou, Z., Sarnela, N., Nie, W., Huang, X., Rusanen, A., Ehn, M., Rissanen, M. P., Petäjä, T., Kulmala, M. and Boy, M.: Modelling studies of HOMs and their contributions to new particle formation and growth: comparison of boreal forest in Finland and a polluted environment in China, Atmos. Chem. Phys., 18, 11779-11791, 2018

Schedule for the Research Training – Small-Scale Research Projects/ Exercises

Day	Period	Total time	Topics to be discussed	Runs	Comments	Assistance
(1) Monday			General information provided for MALTE-	On your	Lecturing	
	13:30-18:00+	4 h +	Box and the chemical and physical	own	Check literature and databases	Teacher
			background of the model	laptop	Select parameters for the runs	
			Literature research for precursors		Test runs on computer	
			+ INDEPENDENT WORK		Discussion on the plan of the SSRP	
(2) Tuesday			Lecture for applying MALTE-Box – the new	On your	Lecturing	
	13:30-18:00+	4 h +	GUI interface	own	Test & continue runs on computer	Teacher
			Model simulations in two groups	laptop	Start visualization	
			+ INDEPENDENT WORK		Start analysis	
					Discussion on the plan of the SSRP	
(3) Wednesday			Model simulations in two groups	On your	Students present project outline/tasks	
	13:30-18:00+	4 h +	Analyses of modelling results	own	Continue runs on computer	Teacher
			Discussion with the whole SSRP group on	laptop	Continue visualization	
			the intermediate results		Continue analysis	
			+ INDEPENDENT WORK			
(4) Thursday			Model simulations in two groups	On your	Finish runs on computer	
	13:30-18:00+	4 h +	Analyses of modelling results	own	Continue visualization	Teacher
			Discussion with the whole SSRP group on	laptop	Continue analysis	
			the intermediate results		Draft presentation	
			+ INDEPENDENT WORK			
(5) Friday			Model simulations in two groups		Finalize analysis	
	13:30-18:00+	4 h +	Analyses of modelling results		Finalize presentation	Teacher
			Discussion with the whole SSRP group on		Students practice pres. results	
			the intermediate results			
			+ INDEPENDENT WORK			
			Oral presentation preparation			
(6) Saturday	08:30-09:15+		Final practicing on presentation			
	09:20-12:00+	4 h +	Oral presentation	Defence of small-scale research project (SSRP)		
				Awarding diploma/ certificates		