

# Integration of local data, local models and local socio-environmental scenarios

Igor Esau

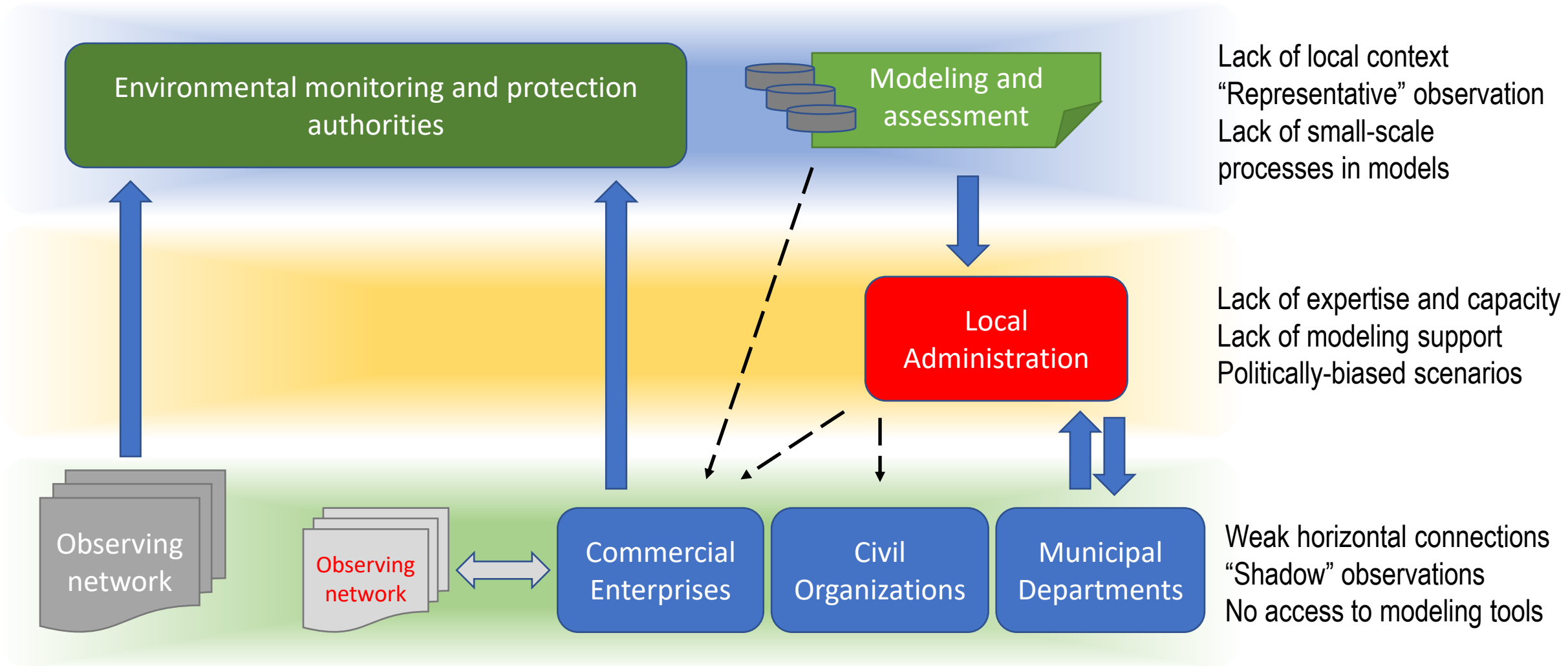
Nansen Center, Bergen, Norway

Workshop "*Holistic multi- and interdisciplinary approach in supporting the Arctic sustainable development*"

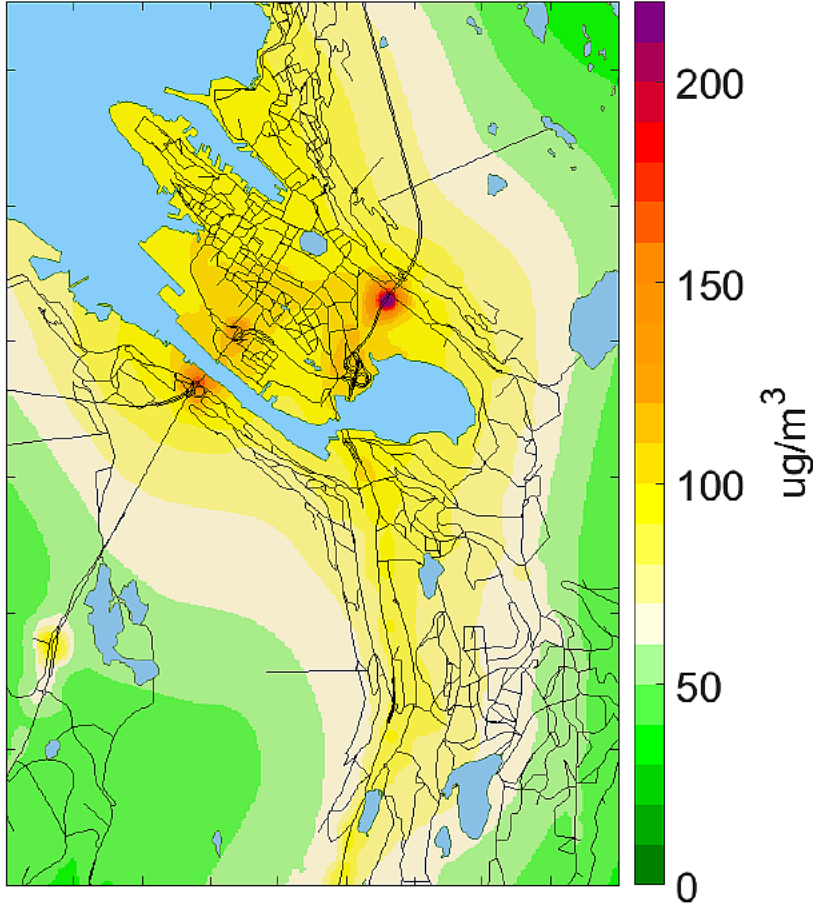
19 February 2021

hosted by the Univ Helsinki and Kola Science Center.

# Siloed approach to environmental monitoring and response actions



# Challenges



## Statistical interpolation and downscaling.

Reference hourly-mean concentrations of NO<sub>2</sub> in 2021 (scenario)  
Source: NILU report no.15, 2017

ug/m<sup>3</sup>

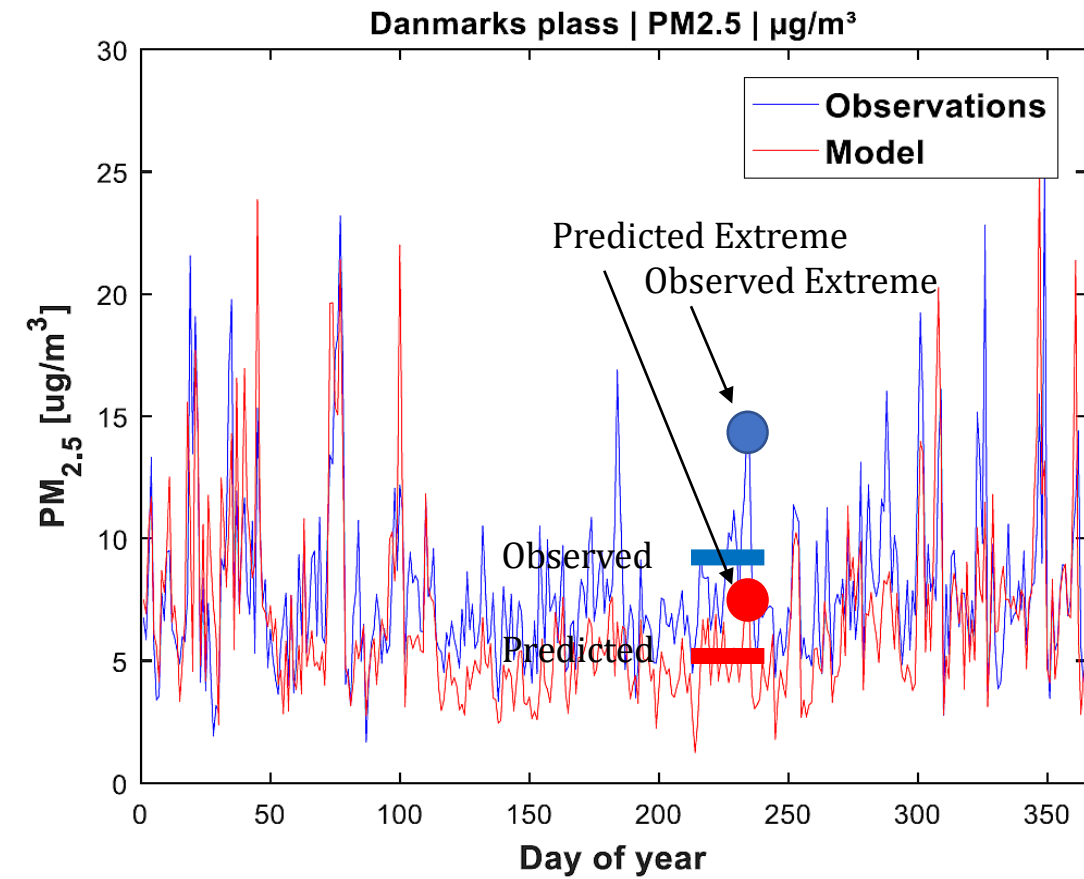
200

150

100

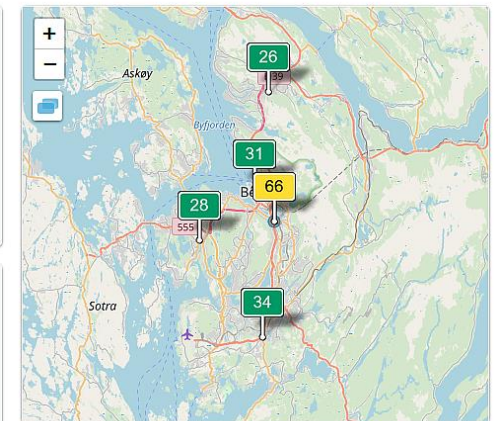
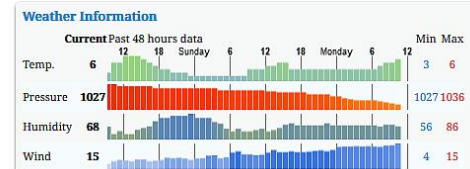
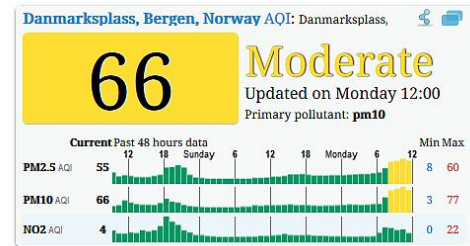
50

0



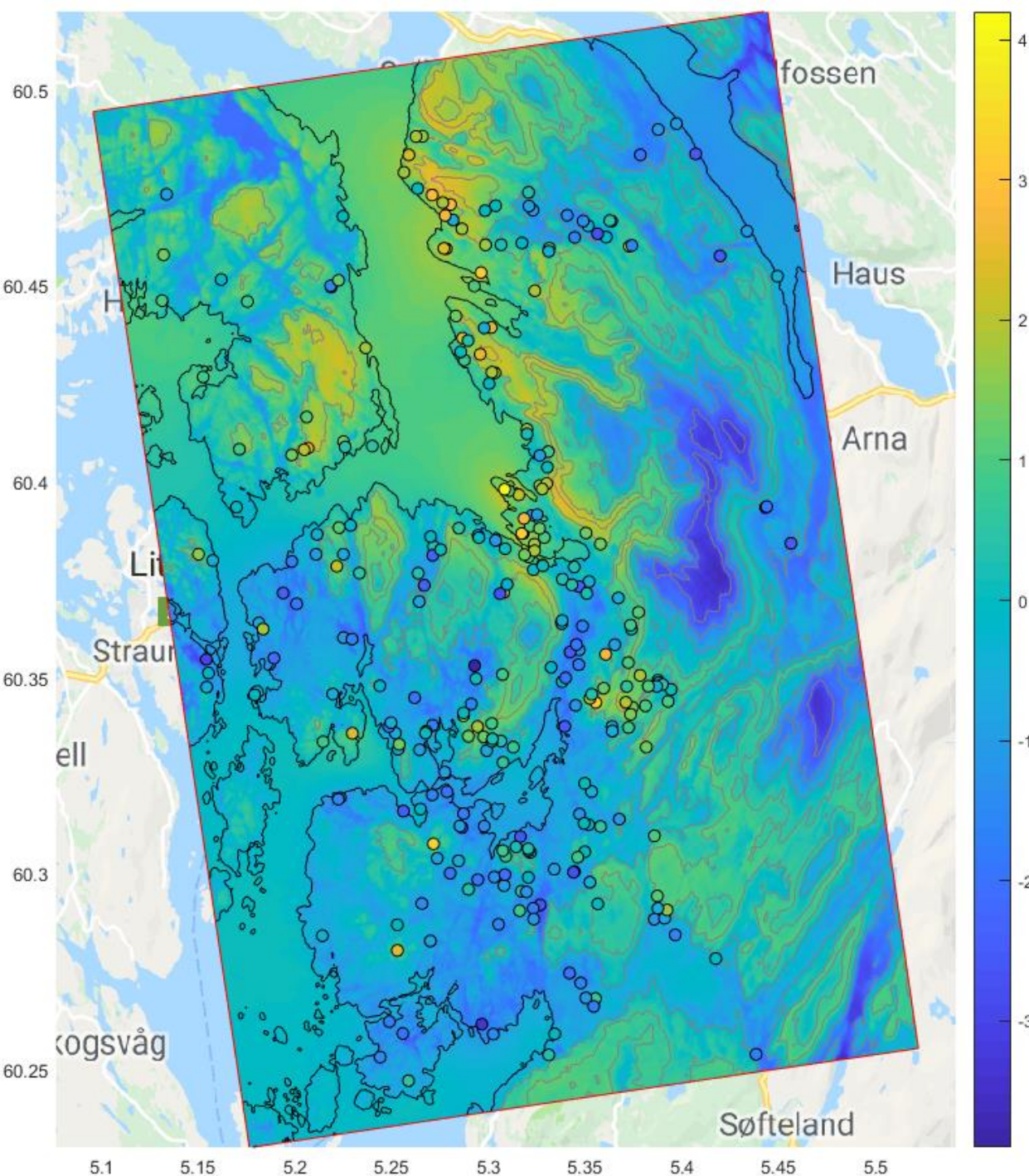
## Danmarks plass, Bergen, Norway Air Pollution: Real-time Air Quality Index (AQI)

DANMARKSPASS, BERGEN, NORWAY | RADHUSET, BERGEN, NORWAY | KANNIK, STAVANGER, | VALAND, STAVANGER, | GRIMMERHAUGEN, ALESUND, | POSTHUSKRYSSSET, ALESUND, | LOCATE THE NEAREST CITY | SEARCH FOR YOUR CITY



Sources: waqi.info, aqicn.org





# Local data - towards seamless data fusion

- Data:
  - Certified stations (3 AWS)
  - Regular non-certified (school) stations (55 Davis Pro)
  - Non-regular non-certified (citizen) sensors (196 NETATMO)
  - Satellite LST (COPERNICUS: Landsat, Sentinel) MODIS
- Model:
  - PALM model runs as the statistical drift
- Data fusion method:
  - Geo-spatial kriging with external drift
- Case study (under development):
  - Extreme air pollution under temperature inversions
- Specified emission inventory

Seamless data fusion as an environmental component of a "smart city"

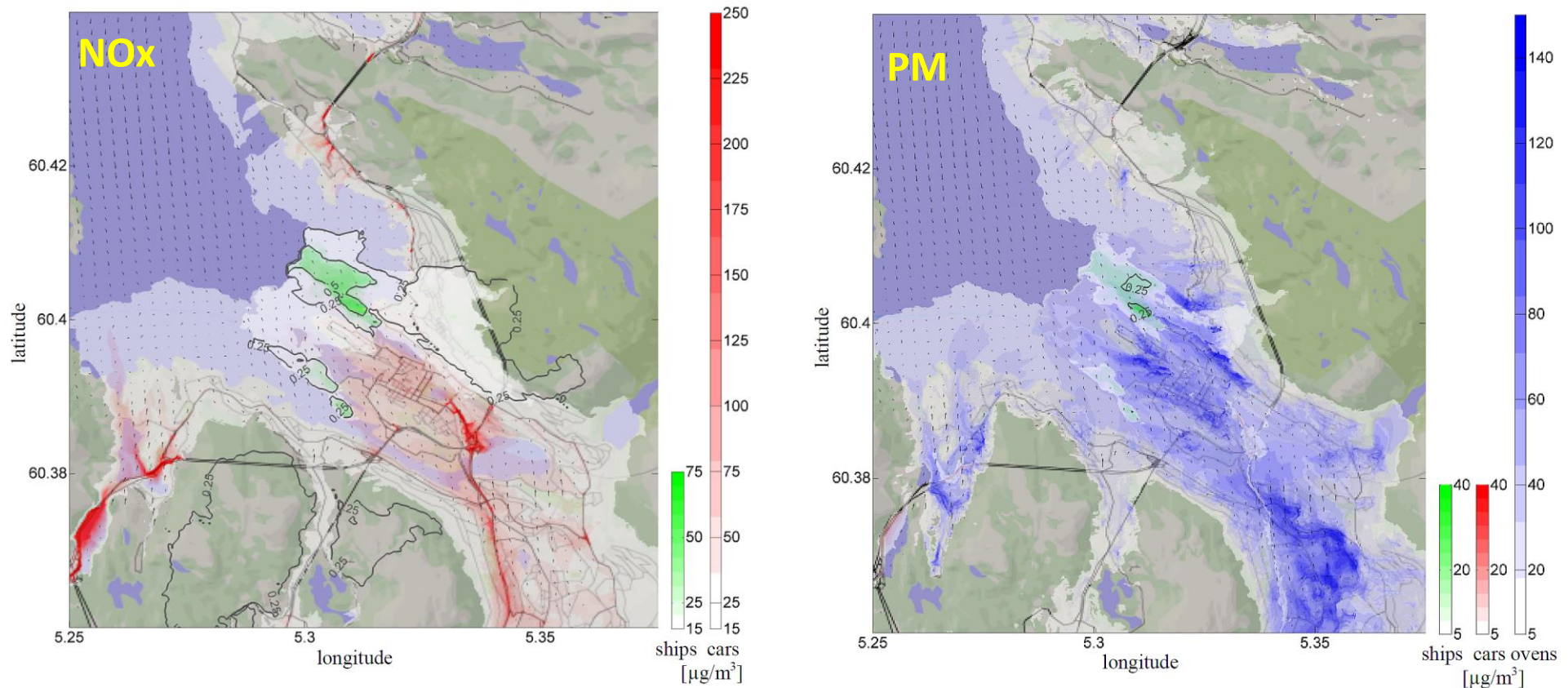


Monitoring

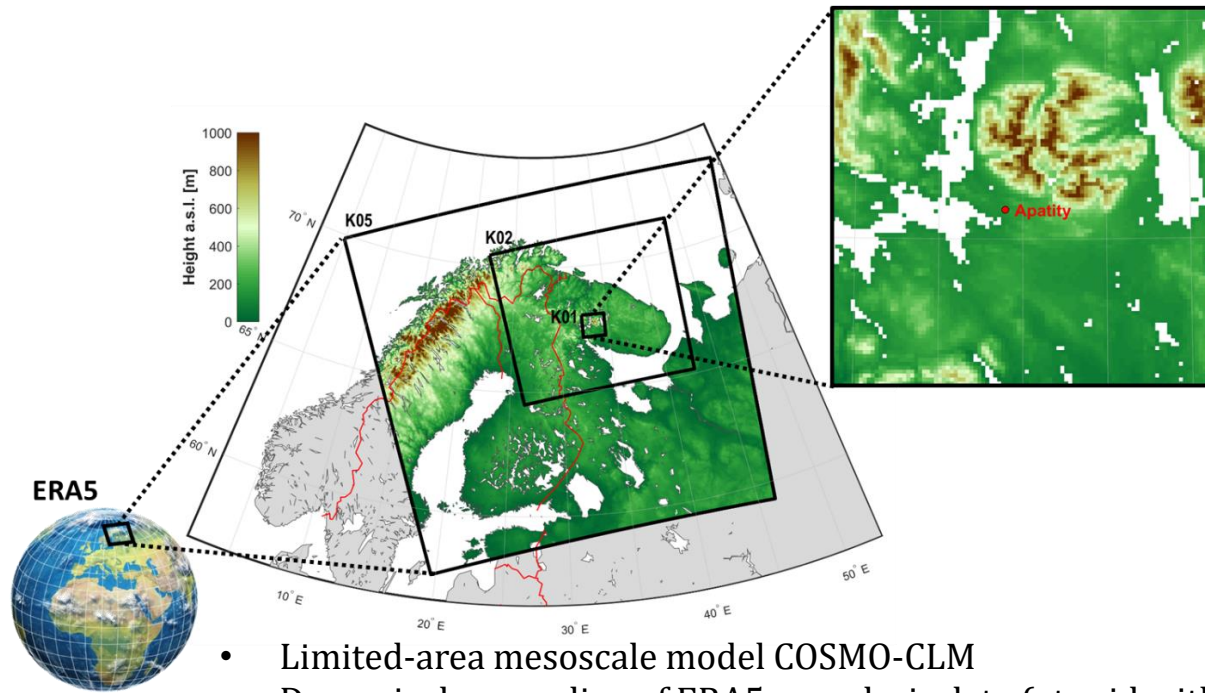


# Local models - to integrated approach

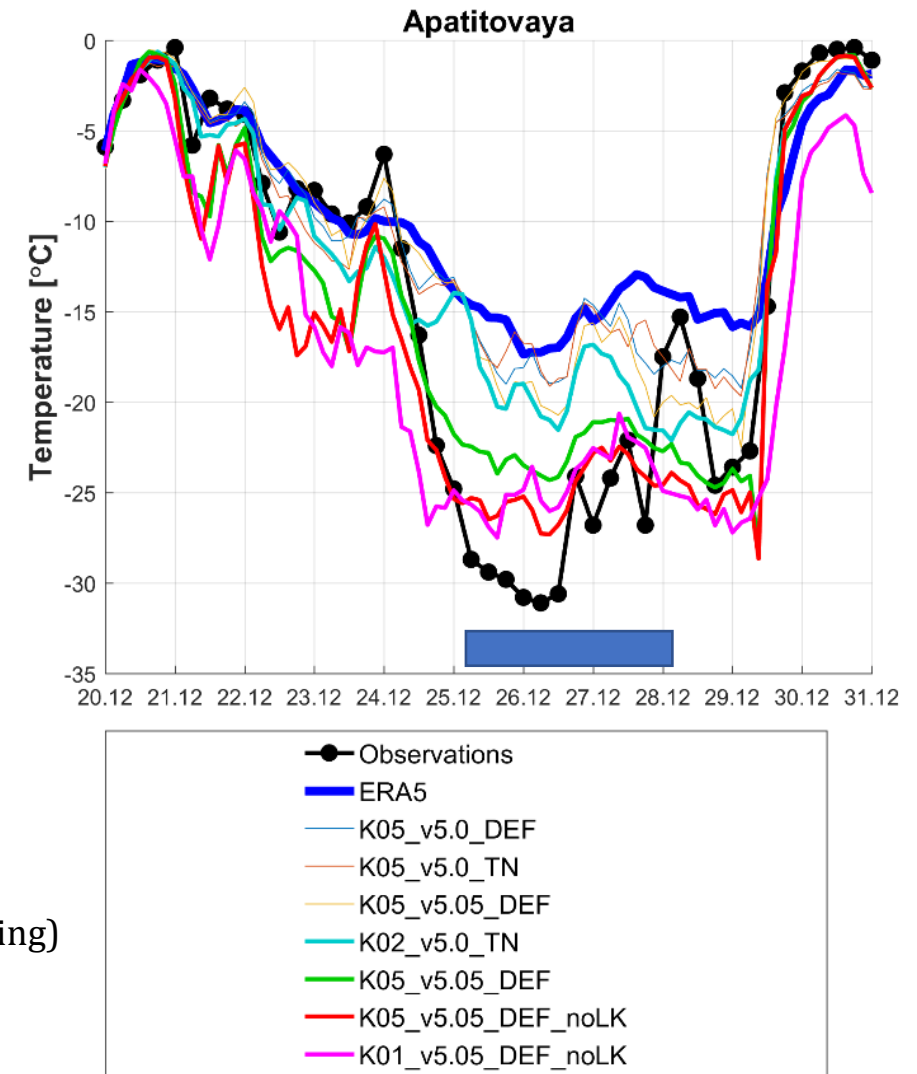
Wolf, T., Pettersson, L. H., and Esau, I., 2020: A very high-resolution assessment and modelling of urban air quality, Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 20, 625–647, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-20-625-2020>



# Downscaling model chain



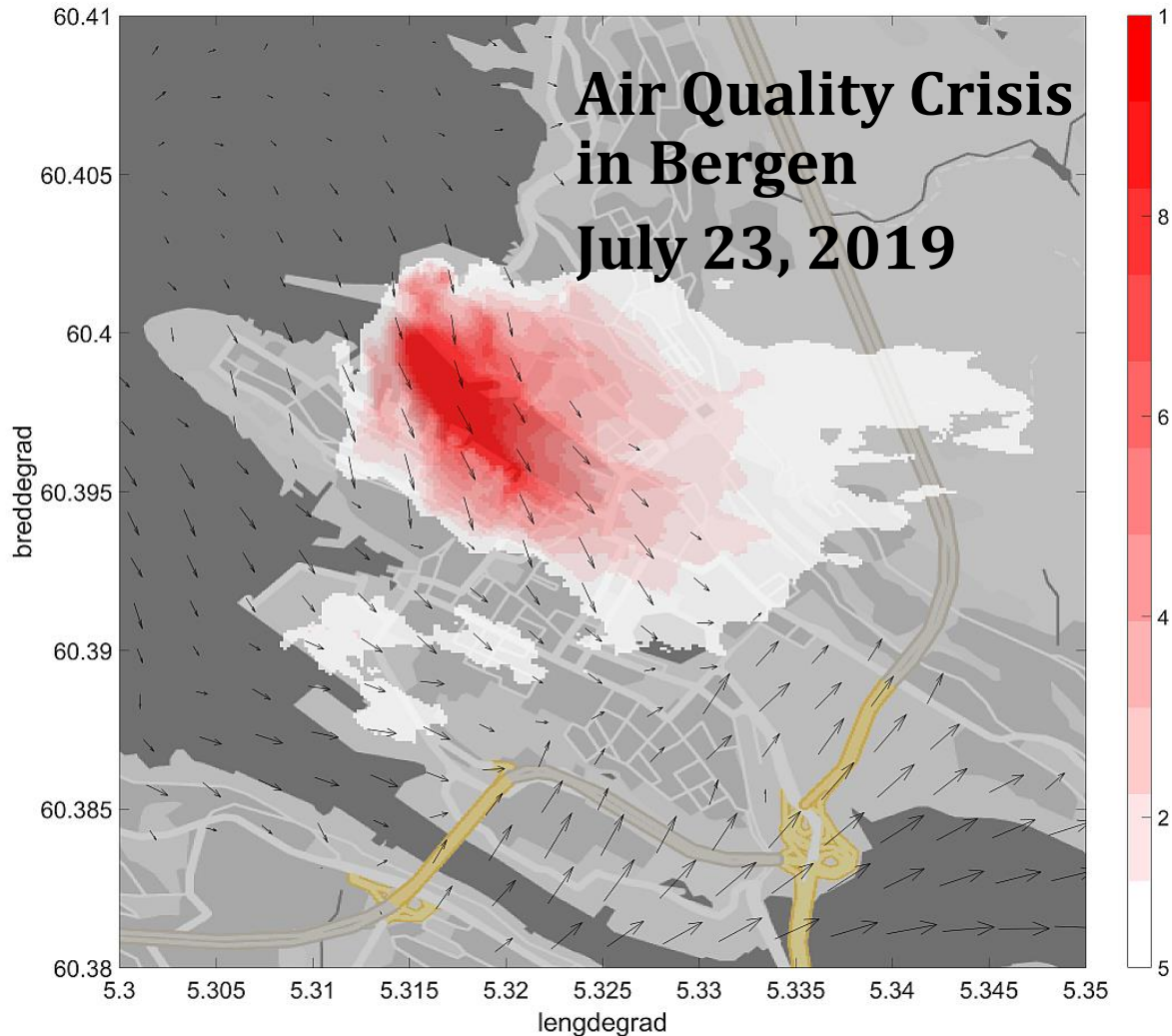
- Limited-area mesoscale model COSMO-CLM
- Dynamic downscaling of ERA5 reanalysis data (at grid with 30 km grid spacing)
- Chain of nested domains with grid step 5, 2 and 1 km (K05, K02 and K01)
- Simulation period 20-30 December 2017
- Computations at Lomonosov-2 computer of the Moscow State University



**Only the simulations with new boundary layer physics, high spatial resolution and removed lakes adequately reproduced the observed cold spell (K02/K01\_v5.05\_DEF\_noLK run)**



# Local socio-environmental scenarios



FORURENSNING OVER BYEN: Slik så det ut fra Laksevåg tirsdag ved 8-tiden. FOTO: HELGE MISJE JOHANNESEN

**– Skipene som spyr ut forurensning  
burde vært senket for lenge siden**

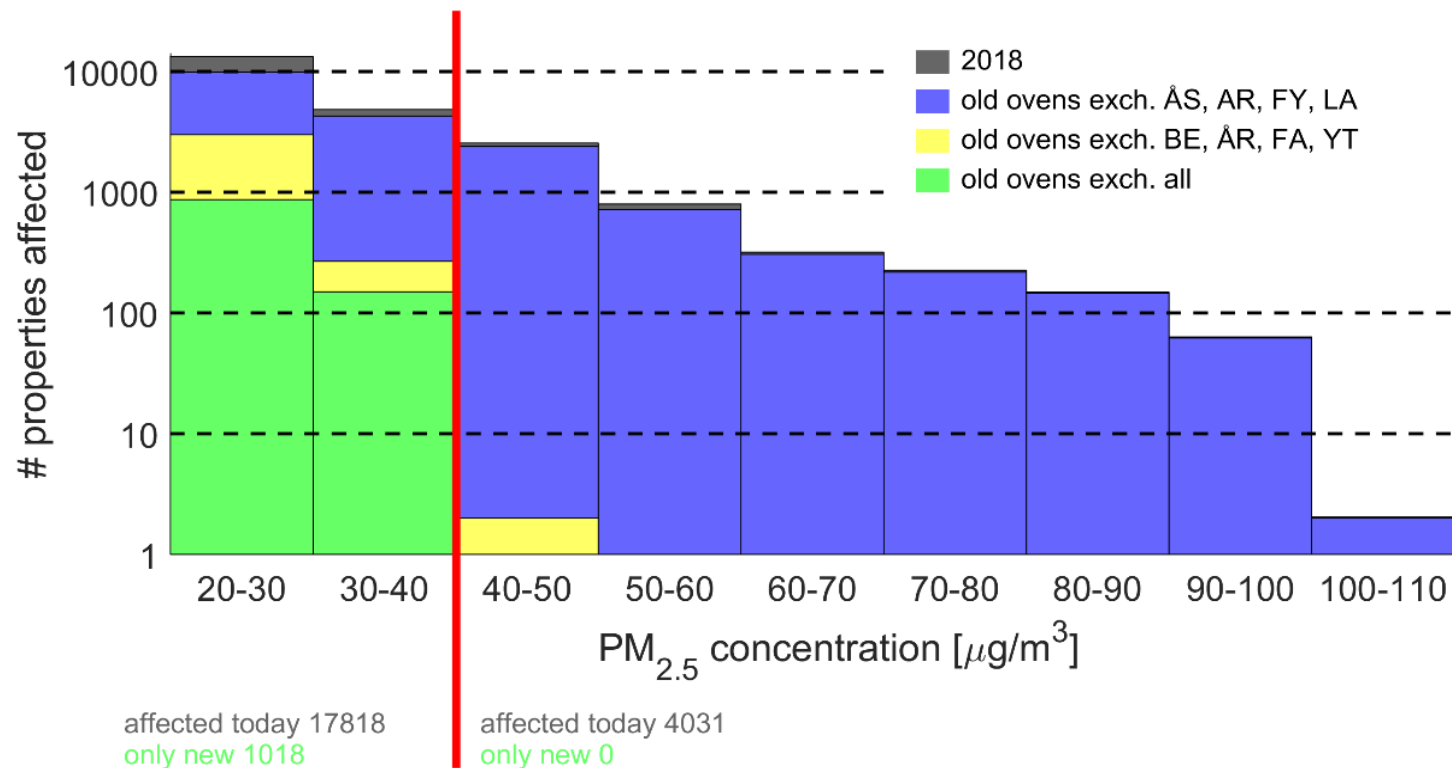
**– Har ikke sett det verre i sommer. Dette kan vi ikke leve med. Rydd opp!**



# Informed and targeted polity actions

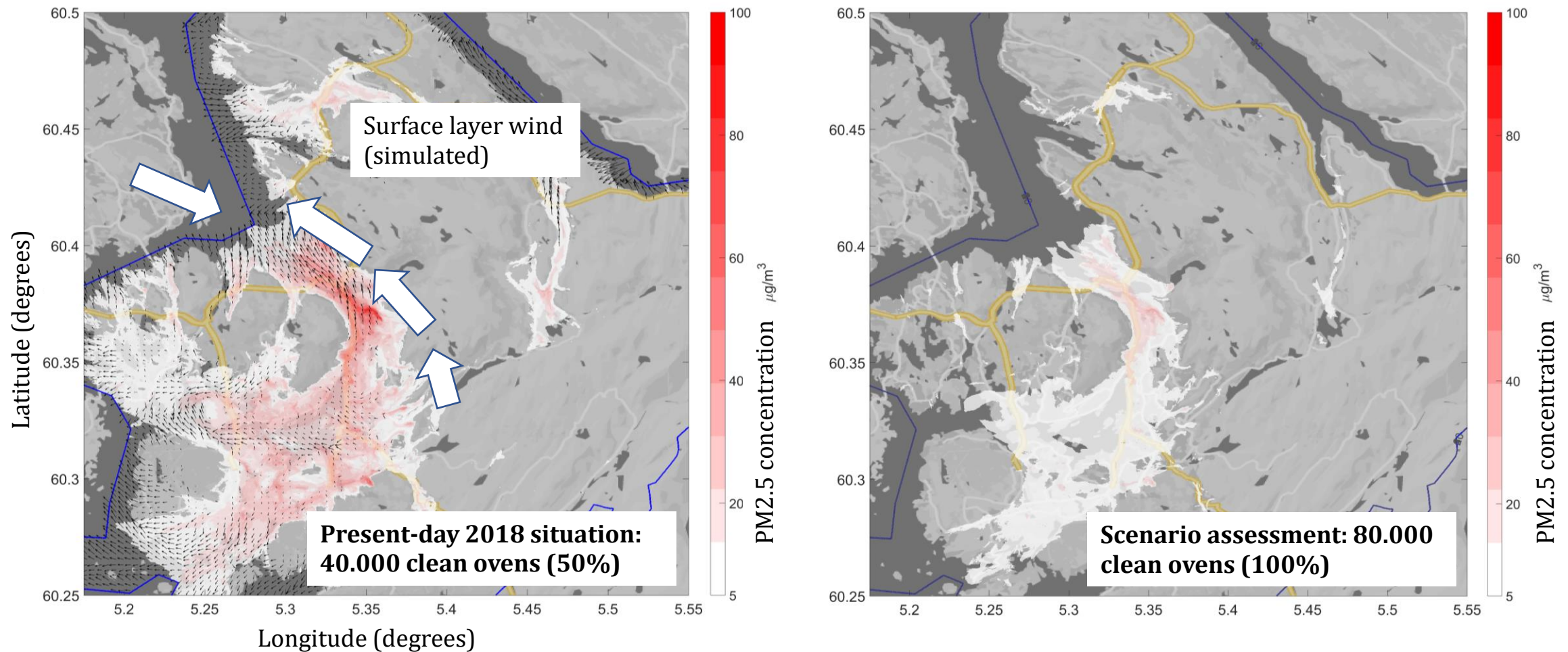
The effects of different policy measures (identified by colors) on the PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration exposures given in the number of affected households

**Yellow policy measures:** Policy and economic incentive focus on just a few central urban districts will lead to practical elimination of dangerous (40 mkg/m<sup>3</sup> or more) level exposure of households





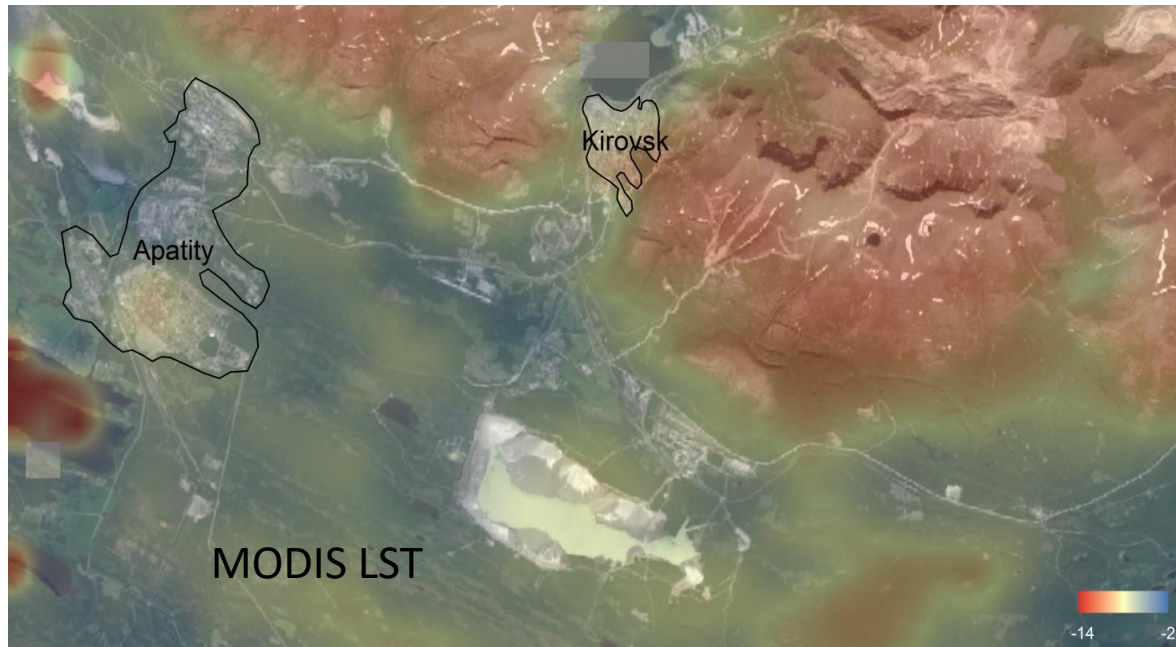
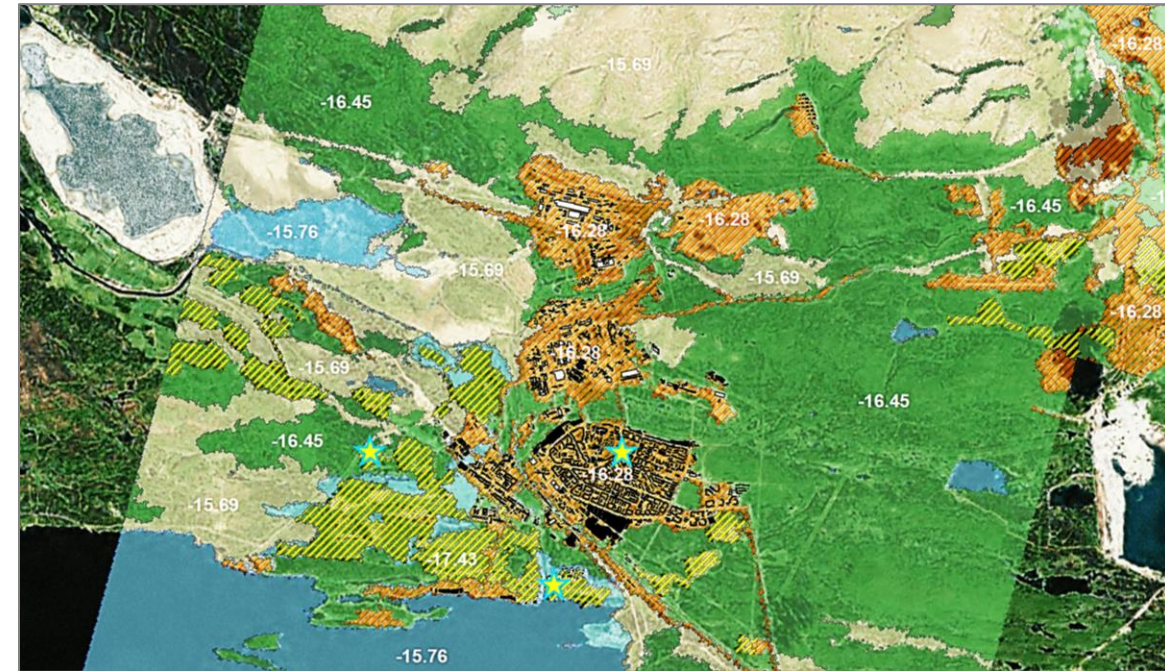
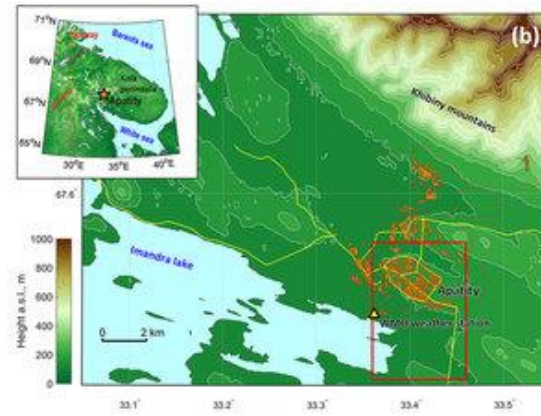
# The effect domestic wood combustion



The PM2.5 concentrations from wood-burning household fireplaces (ovens): Present day oven composition impact (left panel) versus future composition impact (right panel) in the first typical **winter scenario**



# Reflections from TRAKT-2018 project

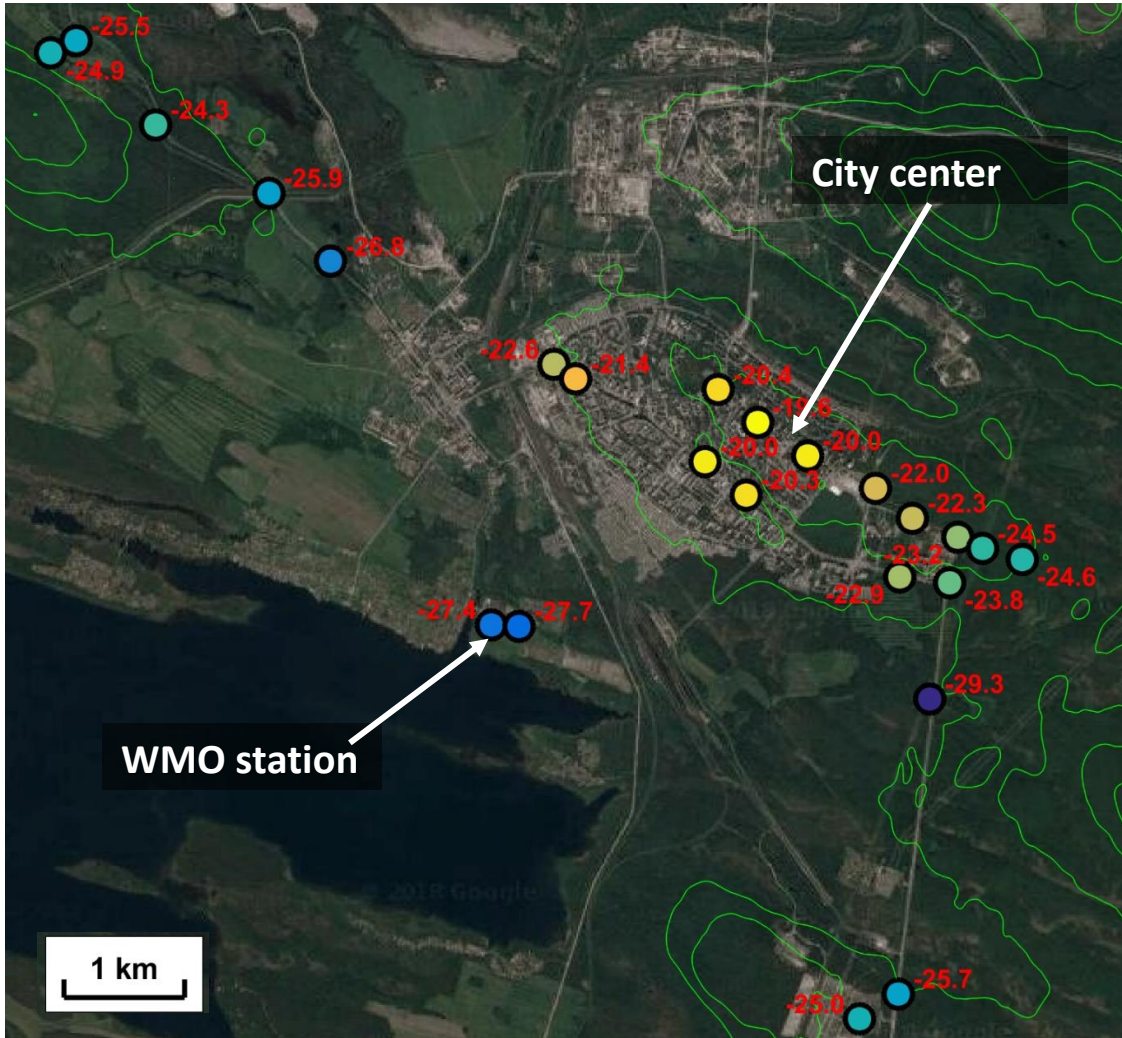


- Cultivated land
- Forest
- Grassland
- Water bodies
- Artificial surfaces



# UHIARC dataset:

## *An experience with inexpensive urban observational network*



WMO station, AWS and 21 additional *iButton* temperature loggers



UHIARC – Urban Heat Island Arctic Research Campaign  
(Konstantinov et al., 2018) <http://urbanreanalysis.ru/uhiarc.html>



# High-resolution modeling PALM

Quick Bird image, 3 m. July 18, 2017

